50 St. George Street, Toronto, ON, Canada M5S 3H4 ⊠ shivan.khullar@mail.utoronto.ca � shivankhullar.github.io

# Shivan Khullar

## Education

## 2019-Present University of Toronto, Toronto, Canada Ph.D. (Direct-Entry) Astronomy and Astrophysics Advisors: Prof. Norman Murray and Prof. Chris Matzner

2014-2019 BITS Pilani University, Goa, India M.Sc. (Hons.) Physics & B.E. (Hons.) Electronics and Instrumentation

# Research Interests

I'm interested in simulating the universe. My research focuses around the role of turbulence, magnetic fields and stellar feedback in the star formation process. I'm interested in questions related to star formation in the nearby and early universe. I use numerical simulations as a tool to understand systems that are hard to study analytically. I use some of the world's largest supercomputers to run these simulations and analyze the data.

Keywords: Star formation, ISM, stellar feedback, molecular clouds, simulations

# Publications

#### Summary: 3 first author publications, 1 n-th author publication

- 'The density structure of supersonic self-gravitating turbulence', Shivan Khullar, Christoph Federrath, Mark R. Krumholz, Christopher D. Matzner, 2021, MNRAS ADS Link arXiv Link
- 'Probing the high-z IGM with the hyperfine transition of <sup>3</sup>He+', Shivan Khullar, Qingbo Ma, Philipp Busch, Benedetta Ciardi, Marius B. Eide and Koki Kakiichi, 2020, MNRAS ADS Link arXiv Link
- 'Determining star formation thresholds from observations', Shivan Khullar, Mark R. Krumholz, Christoph Federrath, Andrew J. Cunningham, 2019, MNRAS ADS Link arXiv Link
- 'The Single-Cloud Star Formation Relation', Riwaj Pokhrel, Robert A. Gutermuth, Mark R. Krumholz, Christoph Federrath, Mark Heyer, Shivan Khullar, S. Thomas Megeath, Philip C. Myers, Stella S. R. Offner, Judith L. Pipher, William J. Fischer, Thomas Henning, Joseph L. Hora, 2021, APJ Letters ADS Link arXiv Link

## Honors & Awards

- 2019 2021 Department of Astronomy and Astrophysics International Entrance Award, Department of Astronomy and Astrophysics, University of Toronto Award amount: \$10,000
  - 2020 International Graduate Student Fellowship for Excellence in Doctoral Studies, Department of Astronomy and Astrophysics, University of Toronto Award amount: \$3,000

- 2021 Mary and Ron Martin International Graduate Fellowship, University of Toronto Award amount: ~\$9,000
- 2021 International Graduate Student Fellowship for Excellence in Doctoral Studies, Department of Astronomy and Astrophysics, University of Toronto Award amount: \$3,000
- 2022 Mary and Ron Martin International Graduate Fellowship, University of Toronto

Award amount:  $\sim$  \$9,000

2022 International Graduate Student Fellowship for Excellence in Doctoral Studies, Department of Astronomy and Astrophysics, University of Toronto Award amount: \$3,000

## Talks and Conferences

#### Invited Talks

- November Journal club seminar, McMaster University, Virtual
  - 2022 Title: Playing with FIRE: Molecular clouds and star formation in a galactic feedbackhalting experiment
  - October Star Formation/ISM Rendezvous, Princeton University, Virtual 2021 Title: Star formation thresholds and the density PDF
- February International Max Planck Research School on Astrophysics at the Lud 2019 wig Maximilians University, Munich, Garching, Germany, Star Formation
  Thresholds: Real and Illusory

#### **Contributed Talks**

- July The Physics of Star Formation: From Stellar Cores to Galactic Scales,
- 2023 Lyon, France Title: Playing with FIRE: Molecular clouds and star formation in a galactic feedbackhalting experiment
- July A Holistic View of Stellar Feedback and Galaxy Evolution, Ascona,
- 2022 Switzerland

Title: Playing with FIRE: Molecular clouds and star formation in a galactic feedback-halting experiment

Posters/Lightning Talks

June International High Performance Computing Summer School, Athens, 2022 Greece

Title: Combining multiple scales in star formation simulations

- May Canadian Astronomical Society (CASCA), Annual Meeting, Virtual
- 2022 Title: GMCs on FIRE: The impact of feedback on star formation rates, efficiencies, and laws
- May Canadian Astronomical Society (CASCA), Annual Meeting, Virtual
- 2021 Title: The density structure of supersonic self-gravitating turbulence
- May Canadian Astronomical Society (CASCA), Annual Meeting, Virtual
- 2020 Title: Star Formation Thresholds: Real or Illusory?

# Teaching Experience

Teaching Assistant

Fall 2023	AST 221: Stars and Planets, University of Toronto
Summer 2023	AST 201: Stars and Galaxies, University of Toronto
Fall 2022	AST 101: The Sun and Its Neighbours, University of Toronto
Summer 2022	AST 201: Stars and Galaxies, University of Toronto
Winter 2022	AST 320: Intro to Astrophysics, University of Toronto
Fall 2021	AST 325/326: Intro to Practical Astronomy, University of Toronto
Summer 2021	AST 201: Stars and Galaxies, University of Toronto
Winter 2021	AST 201: Stars and Galaxies, University of Toronto
Fall $2020$	AST 101: The Sun and Its Neighbours, University of Toronto
Winter 2020	AST 201: Stars and Galaxies, University of Toronto
Fall 2019	AST 101: The Sun and Its Neighbours, University of Toronto
Spring $2018$	Mathematical Methods for Physics, BITS Pilani, Goa
Fall 2017	Electro-Magnetic Theory I, BITS Pilani, Goa
Duting includes	

### Duties include:

- Leading tutorials, planetarium shows, observing nights, marking projects and exams (AST 101/201, University of Toronto)
- Designing and leading tutorials, grading assignments (AST 221, University of Toronto)
- Designing and leading tutorials, grading lab reports (AST 325/326, University of Toronto)
- $\odot$  Making assignment solutions, holding office hours and grading assignments (AST 320, University of Toronto)
- Designing lecture slides, marking quizzes (BITS Pilani, Goa)

### Service

### Mentorship

- o Phil Van-Lane, graduate student at University of Toronto
- Kanah Smith, undergraduate student at University of Toronto, now PhD student at IST Austria
- Ethen Sun, graduate student at University of Toronto
- o Isaac Rosenberg, undergraduate student at University of Toronto

## Outreach

- Planetarium shows at UofT GASA's AstroTours
- Various exhibits and refreshments coordination at UofT GASA's AstroTours

### Organizational

• Formed and organized a star-formation/ISM focus group at University of Toronto.

## Technical Skills and Coursework

### Technical skills

- o Languages Python, C, C++, R, Mathematica; English, Hindi, Punjabi, Bengali
- High Performance Computing MPI/OpenMP, Used Gadi/Raijin supercomputer at NCI Australia, Niagara supercomputer at SciNet, Compute Canada.

#### **Relevant Coursework**

- Graduate: Stars, Cosmology, Radiation, Astrophysical Fluid Dynamics, Scientific Computing for Physicists, Quantitative Data Science, Neural Network Programming
- Undergraduate:
  - Theory: Mechanics, Oscillations and Waves; Thermodynamics, Vector Calculus, Linear Algebra and Complex Analysis, Probability and Statistics, Ordinary Differential Equations, Electromagnetic Theory I, Introduction to Astronomy and Astrophysics, Theory of Relativity, Optics, Classical Mechanics, General Theory of Relativity and Cosmology, Electromagnetic Theory II, Quantum Mechanics I, Mathematical Methods of Physics, Quantum Mechanics II, Statistical Mechanics, Group Theory and Applications, Non-linear Dynamics and Chaos, Atomic and Molecular Physics, Nuclear and Particle Physics, Solid State Physics, Quantum Field Theory, Particle Physics.
  - Lab: Computational Physics, Physics Laboratory I, Electricity Magnetism and Optics Laboratory, Modern Physics Laboratory, Advanced Physics Lab, Computer Programming

## Undergraduate Research Experience

#### August 2018 Determining Star Formation Thresholds from Observations, RSAA,

- Dec 2018 Australian National University, Canberra, Australia **Supervisors - Prof. Mark Krumholz and Prof. Christoph Federrath** We created mock observations from simulations of star formation and wrote a pipeline to anaylze these mock observations. Using these mock observations, we found that the interpretation of a star formation threshold from certain observational data is misleading and presented a method to find such a threshold (if it exists) from observations.
- Jan 2019 Gravitational Decoherence, Raman Research Institute, Bangalore, India

June 2019 **Supervisor - Prof. Joseph Samuel** I studied the Aharonov-Bohm effect, theory of quantum decoherence, quantum field theory in curved space time, the Unruh effect, and the phenomenon of gravitational decoherence following Samuel (2018). Wrote a Mathematica code to calculate the form factor for a given path configuration of a quantum particle in the double slit experiment.

June 2018 - The <sup>3</sup>He+ hyperfine transition line signal at high redshifts, Max Planck July 2018 Institute for Astrophysics, Garching, Germany

Supervisor - Prof. Benedetta Ciardi We used simulations of cosmic reionization and a high-z QSO environment to calculate the differential brightness temperature of the <sup>3</sup>He+ 3.46 cm line from these simulations. If detectable, the <sup>3</sup>He+ signal could be used to probe the high redshift universe. We analysed whether the <sup>3</sup>He+ signal could be found using current or future radio telescopes.

# May - June Determining the size distribution of H II regions during Reionization 2017 using granulometry, NCRA-TIFR, Pune, India

#### Supervisor - Prof. Tirthankar Roy Choudhury

I wrote a code in Python to implement the granulometry technique on image data from hydro-dynamical simulations of HII bubble growth based on excursion set models. These simulations violated photon number conservation and the granulometry technique would help in pin-pointing the reason for this violation by giving information on the size distribution of HII regions.

# May - July Mass Modelling of galaxies using HI 21-cm line observations, *IUCAA*, 2016 Pune, India

#### Supervisor - Dr. Neeraj Gupta

Using observational data from NED, we created moment maps in CASA and then plotted rotation curves of galaxies. The rotation curves were then fitted to the velocity curves obtained using the gas, stellar and dark matter contributions and the dark matter distribution (densities) were obtained.